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| | 1 | Rob Bonta | [EXEMPT FROM FILING FEES |
| | 2 | Attorney General of California NELI PALMA | PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT |
| | 3 | Senior Assistant Attorney General | CODE SECTION 6103] |
| | 4 | KARLI EISENBERG (SBN 281923) Supervising Deputy Attorney General | |
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| | _ | KATELYN WALLACE (SBN 319370) | J. ⊯ JUN 05 2025 |
| | 6 | Deputy Attorneys General 300 S. Spring Street | SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA |
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| | 11 | SUPERIOR COURT OF TH | E STATE OF CALIFORNIA |
| | 12 | COUNTY OF HUMBOLDT | |
| | 13 | | C N. (W2401922 |
| | 14 | THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, | Case No. CV2401832 |
| | 15 | Plaintiff, | NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION OF THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF |
| | 16 | v. | CALIFORNIA TO ENFORCE STIPULATION AND ORDER |
| | 17 | | Date: June 30, 2025 |
| | 18 | ST. JOSEPH HEALTH NORTHERN CALIFORNIA, LLC; DOES 1-10, | Time: 10:30 a.m. Dept: 4 |
| | 19 | Defendants. | Judge: Hon. Timothy A. Canning |
| | 20 | | Action Filed: September 30, 2024 |
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TO ALL PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on June 30, 2025 at 10:30 a.m. in Department 4 of the
above-captioned Court, before the Honorable Timothy A. Canning, located at 825 5th Street,
Eureka, California 95501, Plaintiff the People of the State of California will and hereby do move
this Court for an order enforcing the stipulation and order this Court entered on October 29, 2024
(Stipulation and Order).

7 This Motion is made pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 128(a)(4) and the 8 Stipulation and Order, which provide that "[t]he Court shall have jurisdiction to enforce the terms 9 of this stipulation." (Decl. of Katelyn Wallace, Exh. 6 [Stipulation and Order] at p. 95, ¶ 4 & p. 10 98, ¶ 5.) The obligations under the Stipulation and Order are clear: "Providence St. Joseph 11 Hospital (Providence Hospital) . . . *must fully comply* with California's Emergency Services Law 12 (ESL)... with respect to pregnant patients experiencing emergency medical conditions." (Id. at 13 p. 97, ¶ 2, emphasis added.) Yet Defendant St. Joseph Health Northern California, LLC (SJH) 14 has taken the position that the Ethical and Religious Directives (ERDs), which the Stipulation and 15 Order do not address, limit its obligations thereunder. (Id., Exh. 13 [SJH CMC Statement] at p. 16 165.) SJH's position is contrary to plain law. The Stipulation and Order's unambiguous text— 17 requiring SJH to fully comply with the ESL—controls its interpretation. (See Civ. Code, § 1638.) 18 And as the ERDs are not referenced at all in the Stipulation and Order, they cannot alter its 19 explicit language. (See In re Marriage of Gilbert-Valencia & McEachen (2023) 98 Cal.App.5th 20 520, 525-526.)

21 The Stipulation and Order safeguard pregnant patients in Humboldt and offer assurance that 22 the only emergency department in 100 miles will treat them during an obstetric emergency rather 23 than turn them away. The Stipulation and Order also provide much needed clarity to practitioners 24 at Providence, whose autonomy previously had been constrained by Providence's vague and 25 unlawful policy that, contrary to the ESL, prohibited emergency abortion care unless the mother's 26 life was sufficiently at risk and failed to articulate how close to death the mother had to be before Providence would permit doctors to perform a life-saving abortion. Now, SJH is attempting to 27 28 inject confusion yet again into the hospital's provision of emergency abortion care. This Court

| 1 | should not permit SJH to walk back its Stipulation or circumvent the Order this Court validly | |
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| 2 | entered. | |
| 3 | This Motion is based on this Notice of Motion and Motion, the attached Memorandum of | |
| 4 | Points and Authorities, the Declaration of K. Wallace in support thereof, all of the pleadings and | |
| 5 | papers on file in this action, and any oral argument and evidence that may be presented at the | |
| 6 | hearing on this Motion. | |
| 7 | | |
| 8 | Dated: June 5, 2025 | Respectfully submitted, |
| 9 | | ROB BONTA Attorney General of California |
| 10 | | NELI PALMA Senior Assistant Attorney General |
| 11 | | KARLI EISENBERG Supervising Deputy Attorney General |
| 12 | | DAVID HOUSKA MARTINE D'AGOSTINO Dervite: Attern our Concers! |
| 13 | | Deputy Attorneys General |
| 14 | | |
| 15 | | Katelyn Wallace |
| 16 | | Deputy Attorney General Attorneys for Plaintiff the People of the State |
| 17 | | of California |
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| | 1 | Rob Bonta | [EXEMPT FROM FILING FEES |
| | | Attorney General of California | PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT |
| | 2 | Neli Palma | CODE SECTION 6103] |
| | 3 | Senior Assistant Attorney General KARLI EISENBERG (SBN 281923) | |
| | 4 | Supervising Deputy Attorney General MARTINE D'AGOSTINO (SBN 256777) | |
| | 5 | David Houska (SBN 295918) Katelyn Wallace (SBN 319370) | FILED |
| | 6 | Deputy Attorneys General | J. ⊯ JUN 052025 |
| | 7 | 300 S. Spring Street Los Angeles, CA 90013 | • |
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| | 9 | E-mail: Katelyn.Wallace@doj.ca.gov Attorneys for the People of the State of California | 2 |
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| | 10 | SUPERIOR COURT OF TH | E STATE OF CALIFORNIA |
| | 11 | COUNTY OF HUMBOLDT | |
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| | 14 | THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF | Case No. CV2401832 |
| | 15 | CALIFORNIA, | MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND |
| | 15 | Plaintiff, | AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF THE |
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| | 16 | V | PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA'S MOTION TO |
| | | v. | PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA'S MOTION TO ENFORCE STIPULATION AND ORDER |
| | 17 | | CALIFORNIA'S MOTION TO ENFORCE STIPULATION AND ORDER |
| | | ST. JOSEPH HEALTH NORTHERN | CALIFORNIA'S MOTION TO ENFORCE STIPULATION AND ORDER Date: June 30, 2025 |
| | 17 18 | ST. JOSEPH HEALTH NORTHERN CALIFORNIA, LLC; DOES 1-10, | CALIFORNIA'S MOTION TO ENFORCE STIPULATION AND ORDER Date: June 30, 2025 Time: 10:30 a.m. Dept: 4 |
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| EAX FILED | 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 | ST. JOSEPH HEALTH NORTHERN CALIFORNIA, LLC; DOES 1-10, Defendants. | CALIFORNIA'S MOTION TO ENFORCE STIPULATION AND ORDER Date: June 30, 2025 Time: 10:30 a.m. Dept: 4 Judge: Hon. Timothy A. Canning |

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| 1 | INTRODUCTION |
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| 2 | The obligations under the Stipulation and Order this Court entered on October 29, 2024 |
| 3 | (Stipulation and Order) are as clear and straightforward as obligations can be: "Providence St. |
| 4 | Joseph Hospital (Providence Hospital) must fully comply with California's Emergency |
| 5 | Services Law (ESL) with respect to pregnant patients experiencing emergency medical |
| 6 | conditions." (Decl. of Katelyn Wallace (Wallace Decl.), Ex. 6 [Stipulation and Order] at p. 97, ¶ |
| 7 | 2, emphasis added.) No exceptions. No limitations. The Stipulation and Order also importantly |
| 8 | state it is the healthcare provider that renders the ultimate determination. (Id. at pp. 94-95, \P 2.a. |
| 9 | & p. 97, \P 2.a.) In exchange for this compliance by Defendant St. Joseph Health Northern |
| 10 | California, LLC (SJH), the People of the State of California (the People) agreed to withdraw their |
| 11 | Motion for Preliminary Injunction. (Id. at p. 94, ¶ 1.) |
| 12 | The Stipulation and Order provide protection to pregnant people in Humboldt County and |
| 13 | reassurance that the only emergency department in 100 miles will treat them during an obstetric |
| 14 | emergency, rather than turn them away. The Stipulation and Order also offer much needed clarity |
| 15 | to doctors at Providence who previously had their autonomy restricted by a policy that-contrary |
| 16 | to the medical standard of care-prohibited them from providing emergency abortions when fetal |
| 17 | heart tones were present, unless the mother's life was sufficiently at risk. But precisely when a |
| 18 | patient was close enough to death to permit doctors to provide healthcare was never made clear- |
| 19 | despite repeated requests for this guidance, Providence offered none. (Wallace Decl., Ex. 5 |
| 20 | [Decl. of Dr. Simon Stampe ISO People's Mot. Prelim. Inj.] ¶¶ 5-6.) Instead, the hospital |
| 21 | allowed concerns and confusion about the policy to persist-indifferent to the harm it could |
| 22 | cause. (Id. \P 6.) Indeed, just months after one doctor voiced such concern, which went |
| 23 | unanswered by Providence Hospital leadership, Anna Nusslock walked through the emergency |
| 24 | department doors. (Ibid.; Wallace Decl., Ex. 2 [Decl. of Anna Nusslock ISO People's Mot. |
| 25 | Prelim. Inj.] ¶ 6.) Providence's vague, dangerously undefined policy is precisely what led the |
| 26 | People to file this lawsuit and seek a preliminary injunction. |
| 27 | Now, seven months after validly entering the Stipulation, SJH has asserted its intent to file |
| 28 | a motion to modify or clarify the Stipulation "to make clear" that it "does not require SJH to |

1 provide procedures to terminate a pregnancy that are prohibited by the [Ethical and Religious 2 Directives, or] ERDs." (Wallace Decl., Ex. 13 [SJH CMC Statement] at p. 165.) In other words, 3 SJH seeks to reinject vagueness into how it treats pregnant patients and, ultimately, open the door 4 to deviate from the unambiguous obligations SJH submitted to last year: follow the law. SJH's 5 anticipated motion escalates a deeply concerning position they have previewed before: that the 6 Stipulation and Order do not mean what they plainly state and that SJH only has to comply with 7 them to the extent doing so does not violate the ERDs. (See *id.*, Ex. 7 [SJH Demurrer] at p. 108, 8 fn. 3, Exs. 9 & 12.) The People have sought to address and clarify SJH's position, but SJH's 9 responses have been equally confusing—simultaneously claiming the ERDs limit the Stipulation 10 and that SJH fully intends to comply with the ESL. (See *id.*, Exs. 8-10, 12.) 11 At bottom, SJH's position—that the ERDs limit its obligations under the Stipulation and 12 Order—is contrary to law. As discussed below, a stipulation's unambiguous text controls its 13 interpretation. (See Civ. Code, § 1638.) And here, the unambiguous text requires SJH's full 14 compliance with the ESL. (Wallace Decl., Ex. 6 at pp. 97-98, ¶ 2.) Moreover, matters not 15 referenced in a stipulation cannot alter its explicit language. (See In re Marriage of Gilbert-16 Valencia & McEachen (2023) 98 Cal.App.5th 520, 525-526.) The Stipulation and Order do not 17 even mention the ERDs, and so the ERDs cannot limit the obligations thereunder-no matter how 18 much SJH wishes it.

19 Given SJH's position, the People are gravely concerned about the renewed risk of SJH 20 contravening the ESL and denying emergency abortion care. Even a single violation would be 21 devastating, as no one should have to endure what Anna Nusslock and others experienced at 22 Providence. At worst, a violation could result in death. Indeed, Anna Nusslock's survival was 23 not a foregone conclusion. (Wallace Decl., Ex. 3 [Decl. of Dr. Elizabeth Micks ISO People's 24 Mot. Prelim. Inj.] ¶ 6, Ex. 4 [Decl. of Dr. Herman Hedriana ISO People's Mot. Prelim. Inj.] ¶ 24.) 25 And too many stories have recently come to light where pregnant women have died preventable 26 deaths while doctors waited to provide abortion care until either the fetal heart tones stopped, or 27

the mother's life was sufficiently at risk.¹ The People cannot reasonably wait for such an
 outcome. Accordingly, the People respectfully request that this Court issue an order enforcing
 the Stipulation and Order.

4

5

BACKGROUND

I. THE PEOPLE MOVED FOR A PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION TO REQUIRE PROVIDENCE HOSPITAL TO COMPLY WITH THE ESL

On September 30, 2024, the People filed a Motion for Preliminary Injunction (PI Motion)
to prevent Providence Hospital from violating the ESL. In support of the PI Motion, the People
submitted evidence of a Providence Hospital policy that prohibits providing emergency abortion
care if fetal heart tones are present, unless the mother's life is sufficiently at risk. (Wallace Decl.,
Ex. 2 ¶ 15 & p. 44, Ex. 5 ¶¶ 3-5, Ex. 3 ¶ 7.) The threshold for when a patient is close enough to
death to permit treatment under the policy has long been unclear to the hospital's providers, and
hospital leadership has refused to offer any guidance. (*Id.*, Ex. 5 ¶¶ 3-6.)

13 In the PI Motion, the People explained that Providence's policy violates the ESL, which requires hospitals to provide emergency services and care not only when a person's life is at risk, 14 15 but also when a person is in danger of serious injury or illness. (*Id.*, Ex. 1 [PI Motion] at pp. 8, 16 16-18.) With respect to pregnant patients experiencing emergency medical conditions, hospitals 17 may not wait until serious complications, such as infection and hemorrhage, arise before offering 18 the necessary treatment. (*Id.* at pp. 10, 14-17, Ex. 3 ¶¶ 8-9, Ex. 4 ¶¶ 7-8, 21-24, 28-31.) Beyond 19 violating the ESL and the medical standard of care, waiting to act in such cases needlessly risks 20 death and exposes patients to a host of devastating outcomes short of death, such as loss of 21 fertility, sepsis, organ damage, and stroke. (*Id.*, Ex. 1 at pp. 14-18, Ex. 5 ¶ 4, Ex. 3, ¶¶ 5-6, 8-10,

22

14, Ex. 4 ¶¶ 8-9, 12, 28-29, 33.)

23

¹ In Texas, for example, two women died of sepsis after being refused care by emergency departments because their fetuses still had a heartbeat and the doctors, unsure whether the patient's life was in enough danger to provide emergency abortion care, were too afraid to treat them. (Cassandra Jaramillo & Kavitha Surana, *A Woman Died After Being Told It Would Be a* "*Crime*" to Intervene in Her Miscarriage at a Texas Hospital, ProPublica (Oct. 30, 2024), https://www.propublica.org/article/josseli-barnica-death-miscarriage-texas-abortion-ban; Lizzie Presser & Kavitha Surana, *A Pregnant Teenager Died After Trying to Get Care in Three Visits to Texas Emergency Rooms*, ProPublica (Nov. 1, 2024), https://www.propublica.org/article/josseli-barnica-death-miscarriage-texas-abortion-ban; Lizzie Presser & Kavitha Surana, *A Pregnant Teenager Died After Trying to Get Care in Three Visits to Texas Emergency Rooms*, ProPublica (Nov. 1, 2024), https://www.propublica.org/article/nevaeh-crain-death-texas-abortion-ban.

| 1 | The People also submitted evidence showing that there have been at least five instances | | |
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| 2 | since 2021 in which Providence denied pregnant patients the emergency abortion care they | | |
| 3 | needed. One of these involved Anna Nusslock who, as detailed in the People's PI Motion, was | | |
| 4 | denied the emergency intervention her doctors recommended because her twins still had heart | | |
| 5 | tones, and her life was not yet sufficiently at risk under the Providence policy. (Wallace Decl., | | |
| 6 | Ex. 1 at pp. 11-14, Ex. 2 ¶¶ 13-15.) Dr. Micks treated two additional patients who, despite | | |
| 7 | requiring emergency abortion care, were refused treatment at Providence due to the presence of | | |
| 8 | fetal heart tones. (<i>Id.</i> , Ex. $3 \$ 5.) And on two further occasions, Dr. Stampe saw the Providence | | |
| 9 | Hospital policy interfere with his ability to provide emergency abortion care. (<i>Id.</i> , Ex. 5 \P 4, 7.) | | |
| 10 | | | |
| 11 | Each of these women suffered needless risk to their health and lives at the hands of a policy that, | | |
| 11 | if allowed to persist, would have continued to needlessly gamble with life and health. The | | |
| 12 | People, accordingly, filed the PI Motion to require Providence to comply with its obligations | | |
| | under the ESL. | | |
| 14 | II. THE STIPULATION AND ORDER RESOLVED THE PEOPLE'S PI MOTION | | |
| 15 | On October 28, 2024, the parties entered into the Stipulation. The People agreed to | | |
| 16 | withdraw the PI Motion, and in exchange, "SJH agree[d] to fully comply with California's | | |
| 17 | ESL, Health & Safety Code section 1317 et seq. with respect to pregnant patients experiencing | | |
| 18 | emergency medical conditions." (Id., Ex. 6 at p. 94, ¶ 2, emphasis added.) The Stipulation | | |
| 19 | further provides: | | |
| 20 | Providence Hospital specifically agrees to: | | |
| 21 | a) Continue to allow its physicians to terminate a patient's pregnancy whenever the treating physician(s) determine in their professional | | |
| 22 | judgment that failing to immediately terminate the pregnancy would be reasonably expected to: | | |
| 23 | i. Place the patient's health in serious jeopardy; | | |
| 24 | ii. Result in serious impairment to the patient's bodily functions; or | | |
| 25 | iii. Result in serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part of the patient. | | |
| 26 | b) Follow the ESL's pre-transfer treatment requirements. In particular, | | |
| 27 | Providence Hospital agrees that it will not transfer a pregnant patient | | |
| 28 | without first providing emergency services and care that the patient's treating physician(s) determine in their professional judgment are | | |

| 1 | medically necessary (including where applicable terminating a pregnancy) such that there is a reasonable medical probability that the | | |
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| 2 3 | transfer or the delay caused by the transfer will not result in a material deterioration in, or jeopardy to, the patient's medical condition or | | |
| | expected chances for recovery. | | |
| 4 5 | c) Follow the policy and protocol requirements of the ESL enumerated in Health & Safety Code section 1317.2 and all applicable protocols and | | |
| 6 | regulations for transfers prescribed by the California Department of Public Health. | | |
| 7 | (<i>Id.</i> at pp. 94-95, \P 2.) The Stipulation was signed by SJH's counsel, Daniel M. | | |
| 8 | Glassman of K&L Gates LLP. (Id. at p. 96.) | | |
| 9 | On October 29, 2024, the Court entered the Stipulation as an Order, mandating that | | |
| 10 | "Providence St. Joseph Hospital (Providence Hospital), operated by Defendant St. Joseph Health | | |
| 11 | Northern California, LLC must fully comply with California's Emergency Services Law | | |
| 12 | (ESL), Health & Safety Code section 1317 et seq. with respect to pregnant patients experiencing | | |
| 13 | emergency medical conditions." (Id. at p. 97, \P 2.) The Order further directs: | | |
| 14 | Providence Hospital must specifically: | | |
| 15 | a) Allow its physicians to terminate a patient's pregnancy whenever | | |
| 16 17 | the treating physicians determine in their professional judgment that failing to immediately terminate the pregnancy would be reasonably expected to: | | |
| | i. Place the patient's health in serious jeopardy; | | |
| 18 | ii. Result in serious impairment to the patient's bodily functions; or | | |
| 19 20 | iii. Result in serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part of the patient. | | |
| 21 | b) Follow the ESL's pre-transfer treatment requirements. In particular, | | |
| 21 | Providence Hospital may not transfer a pregnant patient without first providing emergency services and care (including where applicable | | |
| 22 | terminating a pregnancy) such that there is a reasonable medical | | |
| 23 24 | probability that the transfer or the delay caused by the transfer will not result in a material deterioration in, or jeopardy to, the patient's medical condition or expected chances for recovery. | | |
| 25 | c) Follow the policy and protocol requirements of the ESL enumerated in | | |
| 26 | Health & Safety Code section 1317.2. In particular, Providence Hospital may not "discharge" patients with instructions to self-transport | | |
| 27 | to another facility and Providence Hospital must comply with all applicable protocols and regulations for transfers prescribed by the | | |
| 28 | California Department of Public Health. | | |

(*Id.* at pp. 97-98, ¶ 2.)

The Stipulation and Order do not reference the Ethical and Religious Directives (ERDs).
Nor do they include any exceptions or limitations. (*Ibid.*) The Stipulation and Order resolved the
People's PI Motion, which as explained above, the People filed to ensure SJH's compliance with
the ESL.

6

III. SJH DEMURRED AND REFERENCED THE STIPULATION AND ORDER IN A FOOTNOTE

On December 23, 2024, SJH filed a notice of association of new counsel as well as a
demurrer to the People's complaint. (Wallace Decl. ¶ 4, Ex. 7.) Without any prior warning or
outreach to the People, SJH asserted in a footnote of the demurrer: "To the extent that the AG
contends the Stipulation requires SJH to allow procedures that are not permitted by the ERDs,
SJH reserves the right to modify or vacate the Stipulation if and when appropriate." (*Id.*, Ex. 7 at
p. 108, fn. 3.)

13 On December 27, 2024, counsel for the People—concerned about the footnote's 14 implications for pregnant people in Humboldt who may require emergency care—inquired about 15 it by email to counsel for SJH. (Id., Ex. 8.) The People explained that, at this early juncture, they 16 "cannot know the details of SJH's internal policies or how it interprets the relevant Ethical and 17 Religious Directives" and asked counsel for SJH to "please confirm that SJH continues to comply 18 with all of the terms of the stipulation and associated court order entered in this matter." (*Ibid.*) 19 On January 9, 2025, counsel for SJH responded that they intended the footnote to "clarify" 20 that Providence Hospital "cannot allow procedures that are contrary to the [ERDs], to which the

stipulation does not refer." (*Id.*, Ex. 9 at p. 125.) SJH also stated, "SJH will continue to comply
with the Stipulation in so far as the Stipulation does not require the hospital to violate the ERDs
which include provisions for care in emergency situations." (*Ibid.*)

On January 23, 2025, counsel for the People sent a response to counsel for SJH, stating in part: "Given your message and Footnote 3, it appears that the hospital intends to violate the order if a patient needs care that is required under the ESL but prohibited under the hospital's interpretation of the ERDs. If this is correct, then we view Footnote 3 as an anticipatory breach

1 of the Court's order." (Wallace Decl., Ex. 10 at p. 127.) The People also addressed these 2 concerns in their opposition to the demurrer. (*Id.*, Ex. 11 at p. 137, fn. 1.) 3 On January 29, 2025, counsel for SJH responded to counsel for the People, reasserting their 4 prior claims with respect to the ERDs, but ultimately confirming that "SJH fully intends to 5 comply with the ESL by continuing to provide emergency services and care to pregnant patients 6 suffering from emergency medical conditions." (Id., Ex. 12 at p. 153.) SJH did not then indicate 7 any intent to file a motion to modify the Stipulation and Order. (*Ibid.*) 8 IV. SJH'S ANTICIPATED MOTION TO MODIFY OR CLARIFY THE STIPULATION AND ORDER 9 Four months after counsel for SJH assured the People that "SJH fully intends to comply 10 with the ESL"—as the Stipulation and Order require—counsel for SJH notified the People of 11 SJH's forthcoming motion to modify or clarify the Stipulation and Order. (Id. ¶ 10, Ex. 13 at p. 12 165.) Specifically, SJH explained that the motion will seek "to make clear" that the parties' 13 Stipulation "does not require SJH to provide procedures to terminate a pregnancy that are 14 prohibited by the ERDs." (Id., Ex. 13 at p. 165.) SJH's stated premise for this motion is 15 fundamentally inconsistent with the unambiguous and unqualified terms of the Stipulation and 16 Order, which require SJH to "fully comply" with the ESL with respect to pregnant patients 17 experiencing emergency medical conditions. 18 V. **RENEWED RISK TO THE WOMEN OF HUMBOLDT COUNTY** 19 The People are gravely concerned about the renewed risk to pregnant people in Humboldt 20 County in light of SJH's position that the ERDs limit their obligations under the Stipulation and 21 Order. As the People's PI Motion explained, it is a medical certainty that "a case like Anna

22 Nusslock is going to happen again" in Humboldt. (*Id.*, Ex. 1 at p. 21, Ex. 4 ¶¶ 33-36, Ex. 3 ¶¶ 5-

- 23 6.) Indeed, at least five instances of an obstetric emergency occurred between June 2021 and
- 24 February 2024 alone—each resulting in patient harm due to Providence's policy. (*Id.*, Ex. 2 ¶¶
- 25 13-15, Ex. 5 ¶¶ 4, 7, Ex. 3 ¶ 5.) With Mad River Community Hospital's labor and delivery

26 services now closed, the community depends exclusively on Providence for emergency care. (*Id.*,

- 27 Ex. 3 ¶ 16.)
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| 1 | The Stipulation and Order safeguard pregnant patients in Humboldt and offer assurance that | | |
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| 2 | the only emergency department in 100 miles will treat them during an obstetric emergency rather | | |
| 3 | than turn them away. The Stipulation and Order also provide much needed clarity to practitioners | | |
| 4 | at Providence, whose autonomy previously had been constrained by a vague and unlawful policy | | |
| 5 | that, contrary to the ESL, prohibited emergency abortion care unless the mother's life was | | |
| 6 | sufficiently at risk and failed to articulate how close to death the mother had to be before | | |
| 7 | Providence would permit doctors to perform a life-saving abortion. (Wallace Decl., Ex. 5 ¶¶ 3-7.) | | |
| 8 | Now, SJH is attempting to inject confusion yet again into the hospital's provision of emergency | | |
| 9 | abortion care. This Court should not permit SJH to walk back its agreement or circumvent the | | |
| 10 | Order this Court validly entered. | | |
| 11 | ARGUMENT | | |
| 12 | I. THE STIPULATION AND ORDER UNAMBIGUOUSLY REQUIRE SJH TO FULLY COMPLY WITH THE ESL | | |
| 13 | Courts "interpret a stipulation, including a stipulation entered as a court order, in | | |
| 14 | accordance with the ordinary rules of contract interpretation." (Dowling v. Farmers Ins. | | |
| 15 | Exchange (2012) 208 Cal.App.4th 685, 694.) "The language of a contract is to govern its | | |
| 16 | interpretation, if the language is clear and explicit" (Civ. Code, § 1638; Carr Business | | |
| 17 | Enters., Inc. v. City of Chowchilla (2008) 166 Cal.App.4th 25, 30 ["When the language of a | | |
| 18 | document is unambiguous, [courts] are not free to restructure the agreement"].) A court's | | |
| 19 | "function is to determine what, in terms and substance, is contained in the contract, not to insert | | |
| 20 | what has been omitted." (In re Marriage of Gilbert-Valencia & McEachen, 98 Cal.App.5th at pp. | | |
| 21 | 525-526.) Courts "do not have the power to create for the parties a contract that they did not | | |
| 22 | make and cannot insert language that one party now wishes were there." (Id. at p. 526.) | | |
| 23 | The clear and explicit directive that SJH agreed to and that this Court entered as an Order | | |
| 24 | on October 29, 2024, provides that Providence Hospital "must fully comply with California's | | |
| 25 | [ESL] with respect to pregnant patients experiencing emergency medical conditions." (Wallace | | |
| 26 | Decl., Ex. 6 at p. 97, \P 2.) This plain language leaves no reasonable question as to what the | | |
| 27 | parties mutually intended in entering the Stimulation: they intended for SJH to fully comply with | | |
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the ESL with respect to pregnant patients experiencing emergency medical conditions. Indeed,
the Stipulation and Order place no limitations on this obligation and include no exceptions.
Accordingly, there is no basis to depart from the document's unambiguous text and insert new or
varied terms. (See *Tanner v. Title Ins. & Trust Co.* (1942) 20 Cal.2d 814, 824 ["courts are not
empowered under the guise of construction or explanation to depart from the plain meaning of the
writing and insert a term or limitation not found therein"].)

7 The Stipulation and Order's remaining provisions are equally clear. SJH must: (a) "[a]llow 8 its physicians to terminate a patient's pregnancy ... whenever the treating physicians determine 9 in their professional judgment that failing to immediately terminate the pregnancy would be 10 reasonably expected to: [p]lace the patient's health in serious jeopardy; [r]esult in serious 11 impairment to the patient's bodily functions; or [r]esult in serious dysfunction of any bodily organ 12 or part of the patient," (b) "[f]ollow the ESL's pre-transfer requirements," as set forth in the 13 Stipulation and Order, and (c) "[f]ollow the policy and protocol requirements of the ESL 14 enumerated in Health & Safety Code section 1317.2." (Wallace Decl., Ex. 6 at pp. 97-98, ¶ 2.) 15 Again, this language permits no ambiguity as to the parties' intent or SJH's obligations. 16 SJH now contends that the Stipulation "does not require SJH to provide procedures to 17 terminate a pregnancy that are prohibited by the ERDs." (Id., Ex. 13 at p. 165.) But the 18 Stipulation and Order do not address, or even mention, the ERDs. And as such, despite what SJH 19 may wish, the ERDs cannot limit or vary the explicit obligations the Stipulation and Order 20 impose. (See Carr Business Enters., Inc., 166 Cal.App.4th at 30 ["If the parties had wanted to 21 allow for [a particular fee procedure], they were free to spell this out in their agreement. They did 22 not do so. We will not permit [one party] to circumvent its agreement."]; In re Marriage of 23 Gilbert-Valencia & McEachen, 98 Cal.App.5th at 526 [where stipulation made no mention of 24 division of community property, which was an ongoing issue between the parties, the court would 25 not expand the stipulation to include this topic].) 26 Accordingly, the Court should interpret the Stipulation and Order's unambiguous language

- to mean what it plainly states and nothing more: SJH must fully comply with the ESL.
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| 1 | | CONCLUSION |
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| 2 | This Court should grant this M | lotion and issue an Order enforcing the Stipulation and Order. |
| 3 | Dated: June 5, 2025 | Respectfully submitted, |
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