

Lifetime Wage Gap Losses by State for Asian Women — March 2024



Rank	State	Lifetime losses due to the wage gap	Full-time, year-round workers: what Asian women were paid for every dollar paid to men	Age at which an Asian woman's career earnings catch up to men's career earnings at age 60
	United States	\$40,400	\$0.99	61
1	Delaware	-	\$1.09	-
2	Michigan	\$46,440	\$0.98	61
3	West Virginia	\$108,360	\$0.95	62
4	Missouri	\$157,480	\$0.93	63
5	Virginia	\$172,800	\$0.94	62
6	Pennsylvania	\$193,000	\$0.93	63
7	North Carolina	\$201,640	\$0.92	63
8	New Mexico	\$201,800	\$0.92	63
9	Illinois	\$218,720	\$0.93	63
10	Tennessee	\$256,640	\$0.89	65
11	New Hampshire	\$272,560	\$0.91	64
12	New Jersey	\$279,160	\$0.92	63
13	Ohio	\$284,160	\$0.89	65
14	Oregon	\$294,400	\$0.89	65
15	Massachusetts	\$317,560	\$0.91	64
16	Kentucky	\$354,720	\$0.85	67
17	Connecticut	\$361,000	\$0.90	65
18	Washington	\$393,960	\$0.88	65
19	Maine	\$399,160	\$0.83	68
20	Arizona	\$441,760	\$0.84	68
21	New York	\$452,200	\$0.86	66
22	Georgia	\$460,040	\$0.83	68
23	Indiana	\$488,960	\$0.80	70
24	Florida	\$497,560	\$0.81	70
25	Maryland	\$502,280	\$0.86	67
26	Arkansas	\$509,440	\$0.77	72
27	Wisconsin	\$555,400	\$0.78	71
28	Texas	\$566,040	\$0.82	69
29	Kansas	\$587,000	\$0.77	72
30	South Carolina	\$599,000	\$0.76	73
31	Idaho	\$600,240	\$0.75	73
32	Alabama	\$623,360	\$0.75	73
33	Rhode Island	\$636,520	\$0.78	71
34	Mississippi	\$649,720	\$0.72	75
35	Iowa	\$665,400	\$0.73	75
36	Nebraska	\$689,120	\$0.73	75
37	Oklahoma	\$694,480	\$0.71	76
38	Colorado	\$738,240	\$0.76	72
39	Hawaii	\$743,080	\$0.74	74
40	Minnesota	\$763,160	\$0.73	74
41	California	\$789,560	\$0.79	71
42	Nevada	\$849,800	\$0.70	77
43	Utah	\$856,680	\$0.70	77
44	Louisiana	\$925,080	\$0.66	80
45	District of Columbia	\$955,920	\$0.81	69
46	Alaska	\$1,323,760	\$0.57	90
-	Montana*	-	-	-
-	North Dakota*	-	-	-
-	South Dakota*	-	-	-
-	Vermont*	-	-	-
-	Wyoming*	-	-	-

* State has insufficient data to calculate state wage gap for Asian women. Dashes indicate data is not available.

Source: State wage gaps calculated by National Women's Law Center (NWLC) are based on 2018-2022 American Community Survey 5-year estimates. National wage gap calculated by NWLC is based on 2023 Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplement. What Asian women make for every dollar white, non-Hispanic men make is the ratio of women's and men's median earnings for full-time, year-round workers. "Lifetime losses due to wage gap" is what a woman would lose, based on today's wage gap, over a 40-year career. Figures are not adjusted for inflation. "Age at which an Asian woman's career earnings catch up to white, non-Hispanic men's career earnings at age 60" assumes all workers begin work at age 20. Assuming men have a 40-year career and retire at age 60, this is the age at which women are able to retire with the same lifetime earnings as their male counterparts. Ranks based on unrounded data. People in both surveys self-identified as either male or female. Asian women in both surveys are those who self-identified as Asian alone. White, non-Hispanic men in both surveys refer to those who have self-identified as white but who are not of Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish origin.