State Child Care Assistance Policies: Kansas

December 2013

- **Income eligibility limit:** In 2013, a family of three in Kansas could qualify for child care assistance with an annual income up to $35,316 (181 percent of poverty, 58 percent of state median income).\(^1\)

- **Waiting list:** Kansas had no waiting list for child care assistance as of February 2013.

- **Parent copayments:** In 2013, a family of three with an income at 100 percent of poverty ($19,530 a year) receiving child care assistance in Kansas paid $58 per month, or 4 percent of its income, in copayments. A family of three with an income at 150 percent of poverty ($29,295 a year) receiving child care assistance paid $207 per month, or 8 percent of its income, in copayments.

- **Reimbursement rates:** In 2013, Kansas’s reimbursement rates for child care providers serving families receiving child care assistance were below the federally recommended level—the 75th percentile of current market rates, which is the level designed to give families access to 75 percent of the providers in their community.
  - Kansas’s monthly reimbursement rate for center care for a four-year-old in Sedgwick County was $444, which was $181 (29 percent) below the 75th percentile of current market rates for this type of care.
  - Kansas’s monthly reimbursement rate for center care for a one-year-old in Sedgwick County was $661, which was $80 (11 percent) below the 75th percentile of current market rates for this type of care.

- **Tiered reimbursement rates:** In 2013, Kansas did not pay higher reimbursement rates for higher-quality care.

- **Eligibility for parents searching for a job:** In 2013, Kansas allowed parents to continue receiving child care assistance while searching for a job only until the end of the month in which they lost their previous job.\(^2\) The state did not allow parents to qualify for child care assistance while searching for a job.

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**Source:** Karen Schulman and Helen Blank, Pivot Point: State Child Care Assistance Policies 2013 (Washington, DC: National Women’s Law Center, 2013). These data reflect policies as of February 2013, unless otherwise indicated.

1 As of May 2013, the income limit was increased to $36,144 (185 percent of poverty) to adjust for the 2013 federal poverty level.
2 Parents receiving child care assistance must report the loss of a job within 10 days, and the caseworker must provide 10 days’ notice that the case will be closed. Cases always close the last day of the month.