Dear Chairmen Inouye, Harkin, Rehberg, and Rogers and Ranking Members DeLauro, Cochran, Dicks, Shelby:

Ensuring a smarter, healthier, and more productive America depends on child care, Head Start, Early Head Start, and other early childhood programs. Therefore, we urge you to support an increase of \$1.2 billion for the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) and a total of \$8.1 billion for Head Start and Early Head Start in FY 2012 in order to sustain effective, high-quality services for at-risk, low-income children and their families across the nation. We also urge you to increase funding for early interventions for infants and toddlers with disabilities under Part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) by \$50 million. In addition, we ask you to support the Department of Education's competitive early childhood grants, which were established in the FY 2011 appropriations legislation, to encourage states to build high-quality early learning systems.

Investments in these programs allow families and our nation to prosper and children to be successful in school and in life. Child care assistance helps low-income parents to afford stable care so they can work, gain financial stability for themselves and their families, and contribute to the nation's economy. In addition, early childhood programs and services such as child care, Head Start and Early Head Start, and Part C provide disadvantaged children with comprehensive learning experiences during a critical time of cognitive and social development. Nobel Laureate economist James Heckman wrote to the National Commission on Fiscal Responsibility and Reform that the greatest economic and societal gains for our nation begin with investments in early education that enable children to develop to their full potential. These investments generate greater benefits, which in turn help to reduce the nation's deficit.

In spite of research showing the effectiveness of these programs, insufficient funding has left millions of low-income families and children without access to such basic and beneficial services. Likewise, providers lack the necessary resources to strengthen the quality of their programs. Currently, only one in six eligible children receives child care assistance, only four percent of eligible infants and toddlers participate in Early Head Start, and less than half of eligible preschool-age children participate in Head Start. The number of children able to participate in these programs, along with investments in quality, will shrink further due to state cutbacks. For example, in Mississippi, 4,000 children will lose child care assistance at the end of May. In Florida, which already had 89,000 children on its waiting list for child care assistance as of December, 15,000 children fewer will be able to receive assistance. Washington State, for the first time in more than twenty years, is placing families who apply for child care assistance on a waiting list. The failure to reach a greater number of children and families with early childhood programs is a tremendous lost opportunity to help more children start on the path to success.

Additional investments in the Child Care and Development Block Grant will allow 1.7 million children to continue to receive high-quality child care while their parents work with the knowledge that their children are in a safe, engaging environment. Similarly, increased investments in Head Start and Early Head Start and the Early Intervention Program for Infants and Toddlers with Disabilities (Part C of IDEA) will maintain the availability of these programs for young children and their families and allow for quality improvements. Lastly, continued funding for the new early childhood grants will help states develop strong early learning systems.

These programs have a wide range of benefits that are crucial for our nation's progress and productivity. If we overlook these benefits, we overlook our future. Please support these wise investments.

## Sincerely,

Afterschool Alliance

American Academy of Pediatrics

American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees

American Humane Association

Americans for Democratic Action

Cherokee Nation

Children's Defense Fund

Child Welfare League of America

**CLASP** 

Community Action Partnership

Early Care and Education Consortium

Easter Seals

**Every Child Matters Education Fund** 

First Five Years Fund

First Focus Campaign for Children

Generations United

HighScope Educational Research Foundation

Horizons for Homeless Children

Leviticus 25:23 Alternative Fund, Inc.

MomsRising

National Advocacy Center of the Sisters of the Good Shepherd

National Association for the Education of Young Children

National Association for Family Child Care

National Association for Regulatory Administration (NARA Licensing)

National Association of Child Care Resource & Referral Agencies

National Association of Early Childhood Specialists in State Departments of Education (NAECS-SDE)

National Association of Mothers' Centers

National Black Child Development Institute

National Head Start Association

National Indian Child Care Association

National Organization for Women

National Pediatric Support Services

National WIC Association

Pre-K Now, A Campaign of the Pew Center on the States

**RESULTS** 

Service Employees International Union

**Teaching Strategies** 

United Way Worldwide

Voices for America's Children

Women of Reform Judaism

Wider Opportunities for Women

YMCA of the USA

YWCA USA

ZERO TO THREE